

Amateur Radio and Digital Modes

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Amateur Radio?

- “Ham Radio”
- Communication via radio waves
- Licensed by FCC in USA
- International Coordination via ITU
- Utilized for Emergency Communication

What Do I Need?

- License
- Radio
- Antenna

Amateur Radio Classes

- Technician
- General
- Amateur Extra

What Can I Do?

- Technician:
 - VHF, UHF (Very/Ultra High Frequency)
- General:
 - All Technician + some HF (High Frequency)
- Amateur Extra
 - All General + all HF

Amateur Radio Modes

- CW (Continuous Wave) aka Morse Code
- Phone (FM, AM, SSB)
- Digital (RTTY, PSK, etc)*

*More on this in a bit

UNITED STATES FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS

THE RADIO SPECTRUM

RADIO SERVICES COLOR LEGEND

AERONAUTICAL MOBILE	INTER-SATELLITE	RADIO ASTRONOMY
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE SATELLITE	LAND MOBILE	RADIO DETERMINATION SATELLITE
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	LAND MOBILE SATELLITE	RADIOLOCATION
AMATEUR	MARITIME MOBILE	RADIOLOCATION SATELLITE
AMATEUR SATELLITE	MARITIME MOBILE SATELLITE	RADIONAVIGATION
BROADCASTING	MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION SATELLITE
BROADCASTING SATELLITE	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	SPACE OPERATION
EARTH EXPLORATION SATELLITE	METEOROLOGICAL SATELLITE	SPACE RESEARCH
FIXED	MOBILE	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL
FIXED SATELLITE	MOBILE SATELLITE	STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL SATELLITE

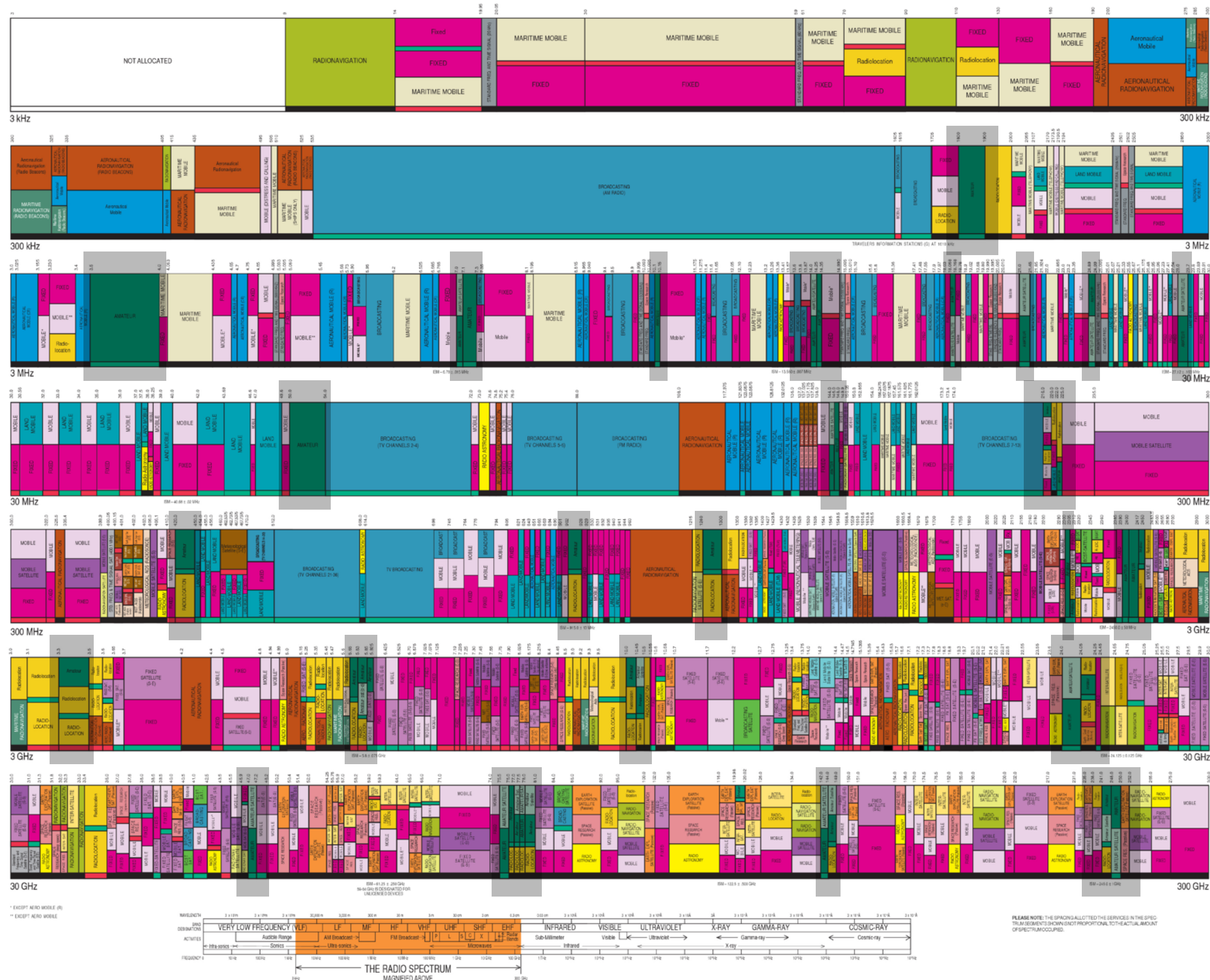
ACTIVITY CODE

GOVERNMENT EXCLUSIVE	GOVERNMENT/NON-GOVERNMENT SHARED
NON-GOVERNMENT EXCLUSIVE	

ALLOCATION USAGE DESIGNATION

SERVICE	EXAMPLE	DESCRIPTION
Primary	FIXED	Capital Letters
Secondary	Mobile	1st Capital with lower case letters

This chart is a graphic single point in time portrayal of the Table of Frequency Allocations used by the FCC and NTIA. As such, it does not completely reflect all assets, i.e., treaties and recent changes made to the Table of Frequency Allocations. Therefore, for complete information, users should consult the Table to determine the current status of U.S. allocations.



US Amateur Radio Bands

US AMATEUR POWER LIMITS

FCC 97.313 An amateur station must use the minimum transmitter power necessary to carry out the desired communications. (b) No station may transmit with a transmitter power exceeding 1.5 kW PEP.

Effective Date
March 5, 2012

Published by:
ARRL The national association for
AMATEUR RADIO®
www.arrl.org
225 Main Street, Newington, CT USA 06111-1494



KEY

Note:

CW operation is permitted throughout all amateur bands.

MCW is authorized above 50.1 MHz, except for 144.0-144.1 and 219-220 MHz.

Test transmissions are authorized above 51 MHz, except for 219-220 MHz

- = RTTY and data
- = phone and image
- = CW only
- = SSB phone
- = USB phone, CW, RTTY, and data
- = Fixed digital message forwarding systems only

E = Amateur Extra
A = Advanced
G = General
T = Technician
N = Novice

See ARRLWeb at www.arrl.org for detailed band plans.

ARRL
We're At Your Service

ARRL Headquarters:
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Toll-Free 1-888-277-5289 (860-594-0338)
email: membership@arrl.org

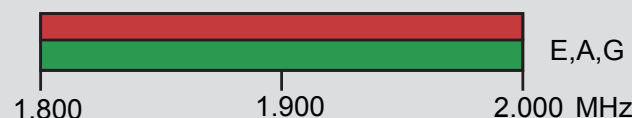
Getting Started in Amateur Radio:
Toll-Free 1-800-326-3942 (860-594-0355)
email: newham@arrl.org

Exams: 860-594-0300 email: vec@arrl.org

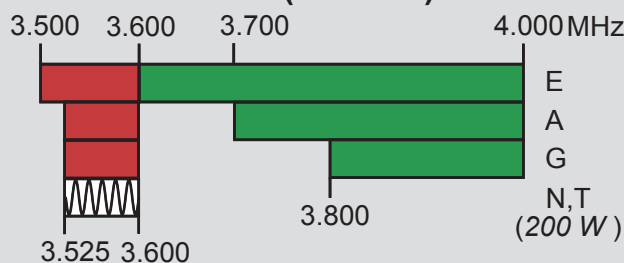
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160 Meters (1.8 MHz)

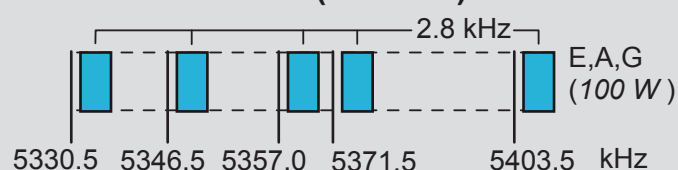
Avoid interference to radiolocation operations from 1.900 to 2.000 MHz



80 Meters (3.5 MHz)

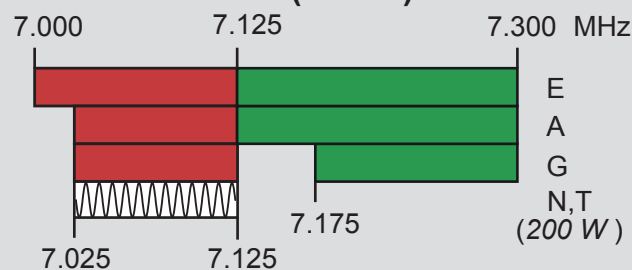


60 Meters (5.3 MHz)



General, Advanced, and Amateur Extra licensees may operate on these five channels on a secondary basis with a maximum effective radiated output of 100 W PEP. Permitted operating modes include upper sideband voice (USB), CW, RTTY, PSK31 and other digital modes such as PACTOR III as defined by the FCC Report and Order of November 18, 2011. USB is limited to 2.8 kHz centered on 5332, 5348, 5358.5, 5373 and 5405 kHz. CW and digital emissions must be centered 1.5 kHz above the channel frequencies indicated above. Only one signal at a time is permitted on any channel.

40 Meters (7 MHz)



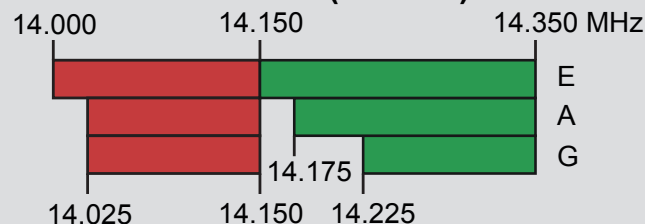
Phone and Image modes are permitted between 7.075 and 7.100 MHz for FCC licensed stations in ITU Regions 1 and 3 and by FCC licensed stations in ITU Region 2 West of 130 degrees West longitude or South of 20 degrees North latitude. See Sections 97.305(c) and 97.307(f)(11). Novice and Technician licensees outside ITU Region 2 may use CW only between 7.025 and 7.075 MHz and between 7.100 and 7.125 MHz. 7.200 to 7.300 MHz is not available outside ITU Region 2. See Section 97.301(e). These exemptions do not apply to stations in the continental US.

30 Meters (10.1 MHz)

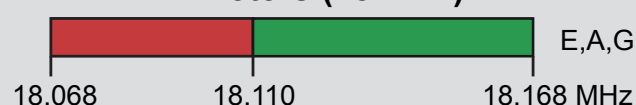
Avoid interference to fixed services outside the US.



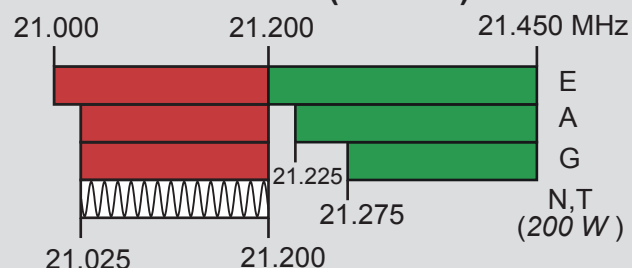
20 Meters (14 MHz)



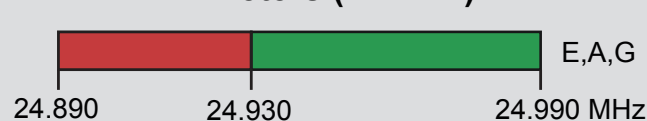
17 Meters (18 MHz)



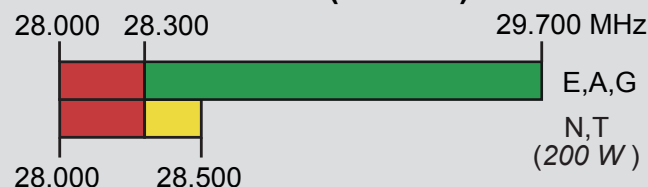
15 Meters (21 MHz)



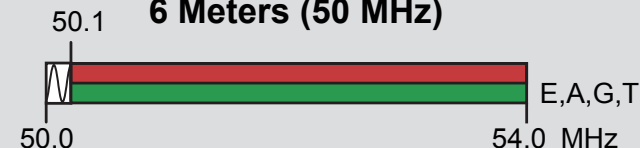
12 Meters (24 MHz)



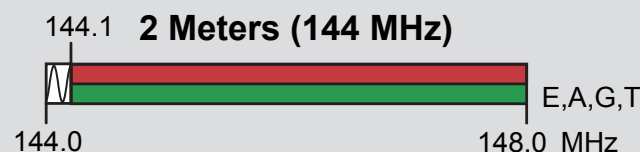
10 Meters (28 MHz)



6 Meters (50 MHz)



2 Meters (144 MHz)



1.25 Meters (222 MHz)

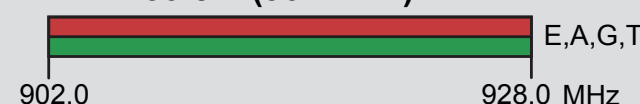


*Geographical and power restrictions may apply to all bands above 420 MHz. See *The ARRL Operating Manual* for information about your area.

70 cm (420 MHz)*



33 cm (902 MHz)*



23 cm (1240 MHz)*



All licensees except Novices are authorized all modes on the following frequencies:

2300-2310 MHz	10.0-10.5 GHz *	122.25-123.0 GHz
2390-2450 MHz	24.0-24.25 GHz	134-141 GHz
3300-3500 MHz	47.0-47.2 GHz	241-250 GHz
5650-5925 MHz	76.0-81.0 GHz	All above 275 GHz

* No pulse emissions

Amateur Radios

- Kits
 - Elecraft, YouKits
- Commercially Purchased
 - Kenwood, Yaesu, Icom, Elecraft, Alinco



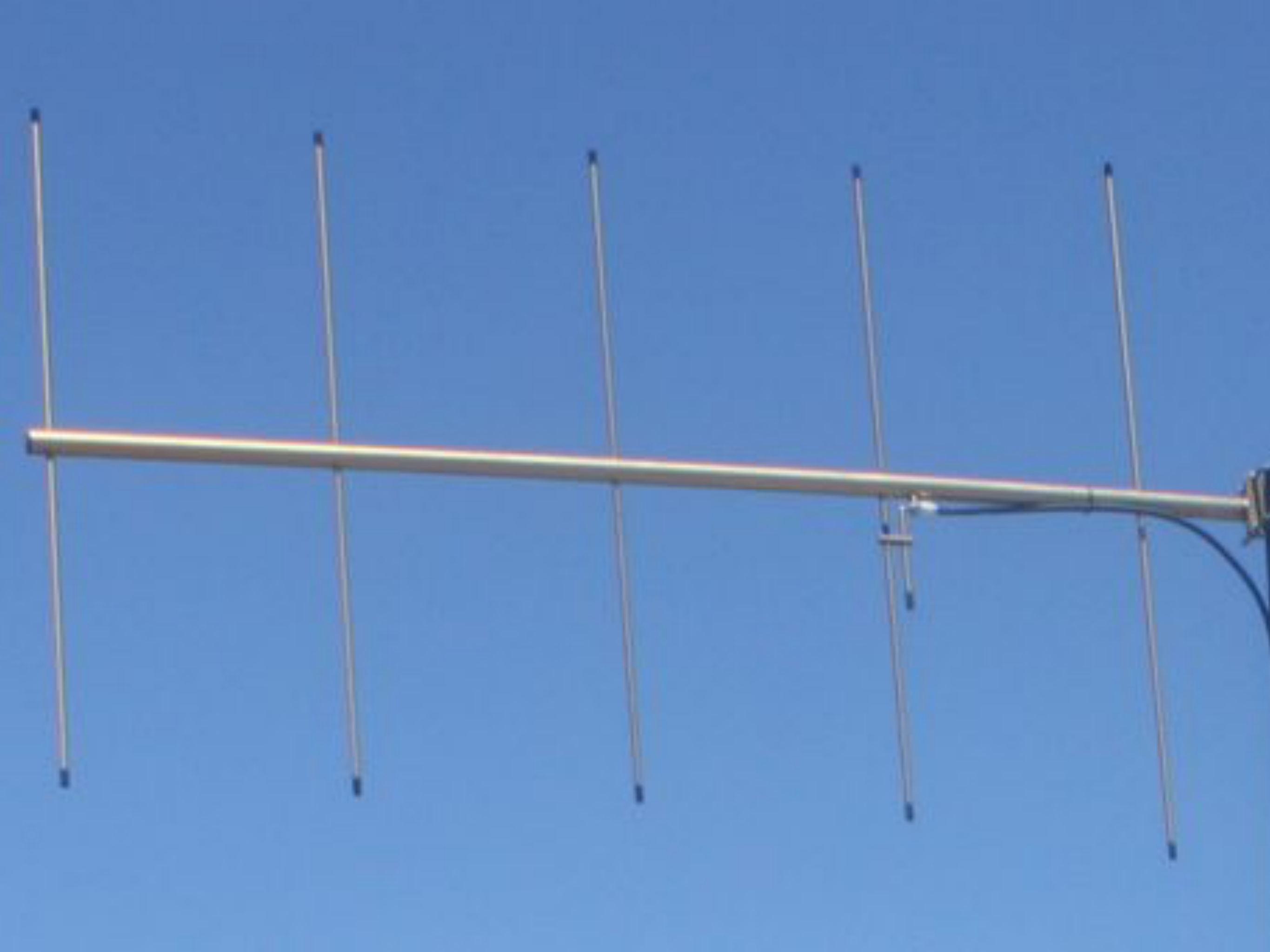




Antennas

- Most basic:
 - Dipole
 - Vertical
- More advanced:
 - Yagi
 - Hexbeam





Digital Modes

Digital Modes

- What is a “Digital Mode”?
- Examples
- Where can I find them?
- How do I use them?

What is a “Digital Mode”?

- CW was the first digital mode
- Frequency or Phase Shift Keying
- Encodes data as signals
- Decodes signals to text

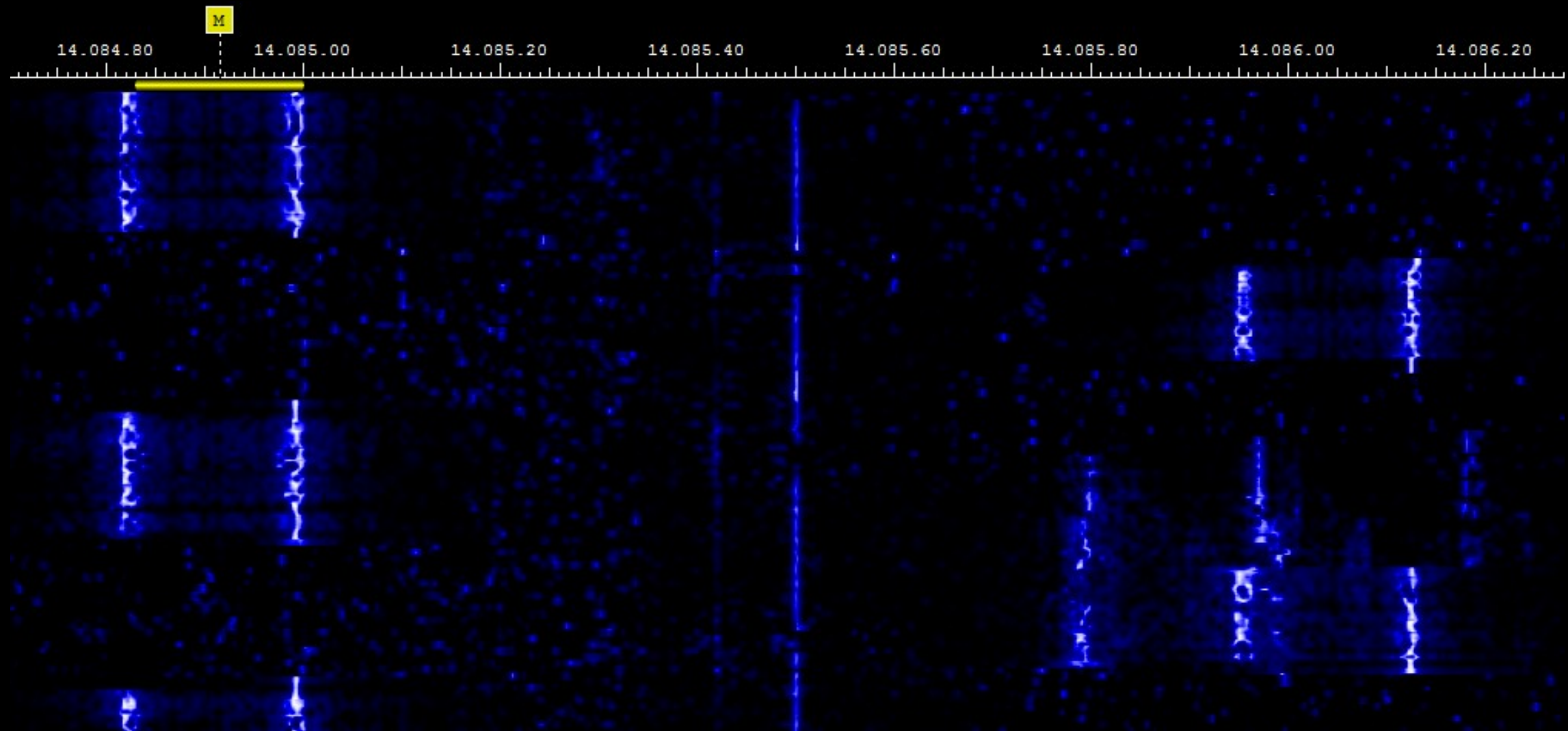
Popular Examples on HF

- RTTY
- PSK (31/63/125)
- JT65/JT9
- Olivia

RTTY

- RadioTeleTYpe
- FSK and AFSK
 - Frequency Shift Keying
- Based on Baudot coding
- Low spectral efficiency
- No error correction
- 170 Hz bandwidth

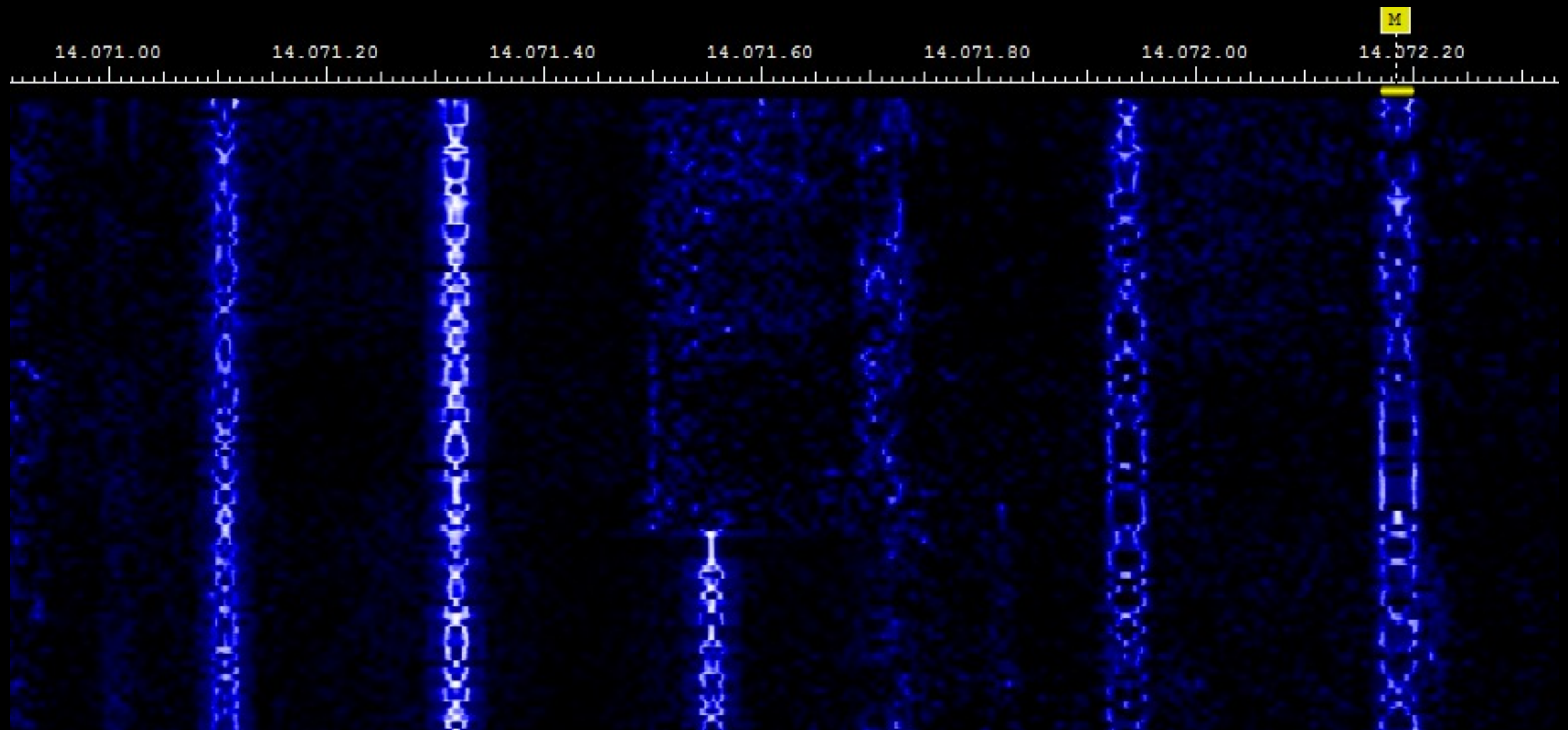
RTTY



PSK

- Phase Shift Keying
- Binary and Quadrature PSK
- Common Baud Rates for BPSK
 - 31
 - 63
 - 125
- No error correction
- 30-130 Hz bandwidth
- QPSK faster in same bandwidth

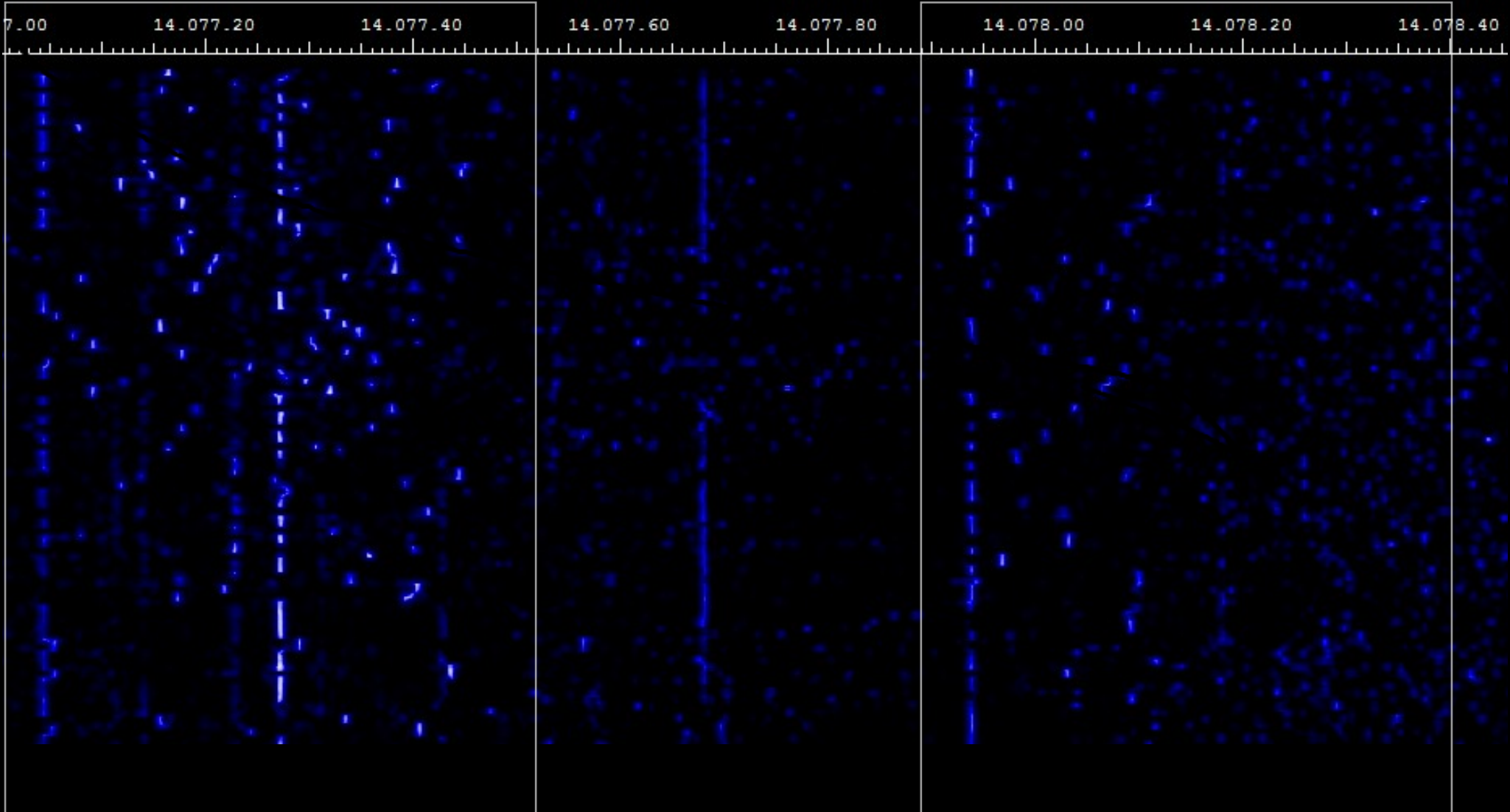
PSK



JT65

- Multiple Frequency Shift Keying (MFSK)
- Weak signal mode
- Intended for EME or Troposcatter
- Highly synchronized in minute intervals
- No error correction

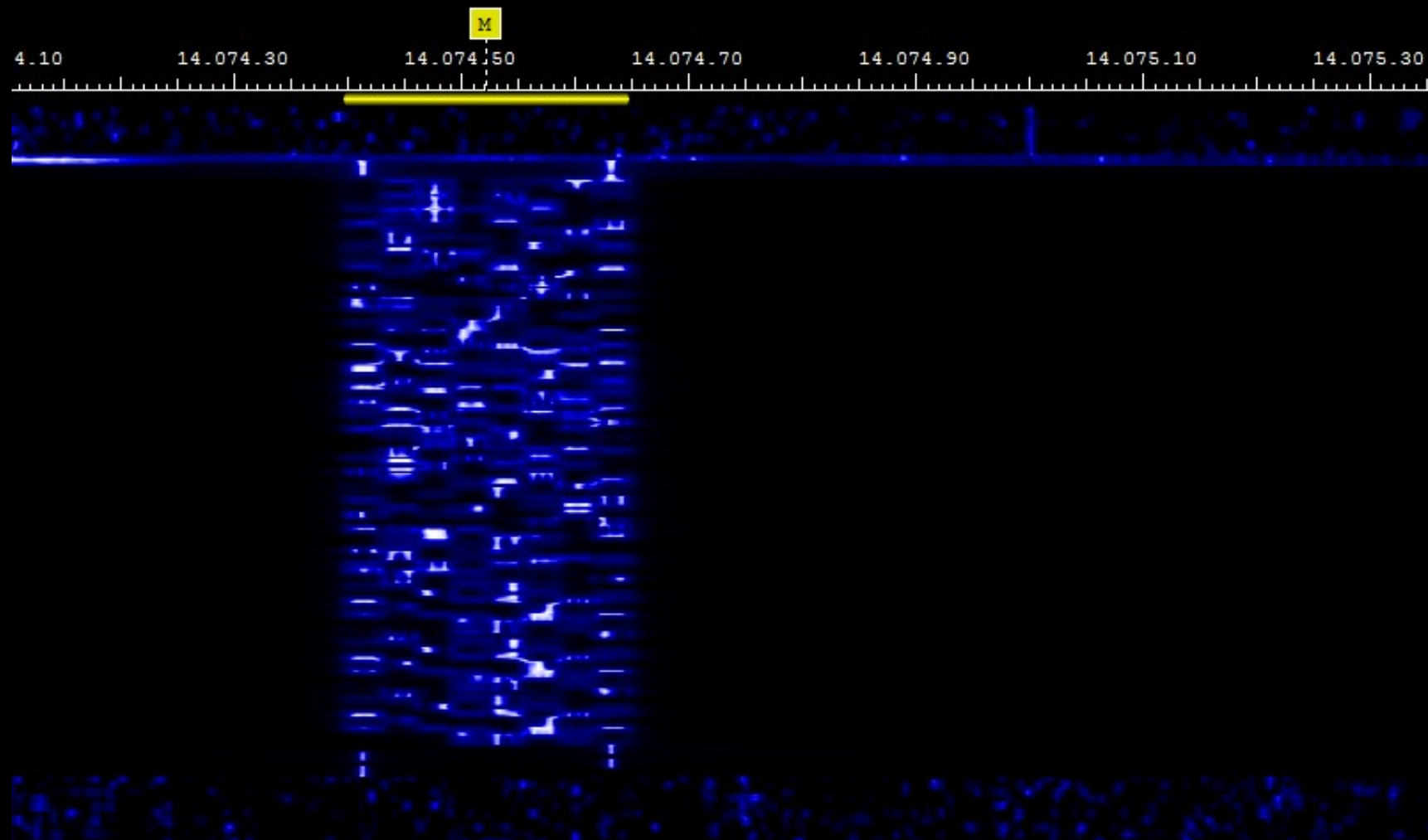
JT65



Olivia

- Multiple Frequency Shift Keying (MFSK)
- # of tones/bandwidth
 - ex Olivia 16/500 or 8/250
 - more tones == more redundancy
 - more tones == slower transmission
- Great in difficult conditions
 - 10-14dB below NF
- Error Correcting

Olivia 8/250



Other modes

- Contestia
- Pactor/Winlink
- Hellschreiber (Hell)
- Throb
- Domino
- Thor
- WSPR
- APRS

Where can I find them?

- Look at the ARRL band plans.
- Digital Modes fall in Data/RTTY space

Example for 3 bands			
Band	PSK	RTTY	JT65
10 m	28.070	28.070-28.150	28.076
15 m	21.070	21.070-21.100	21.076
20 m	14.070	14.070-14.095	14.076

How do I use them?

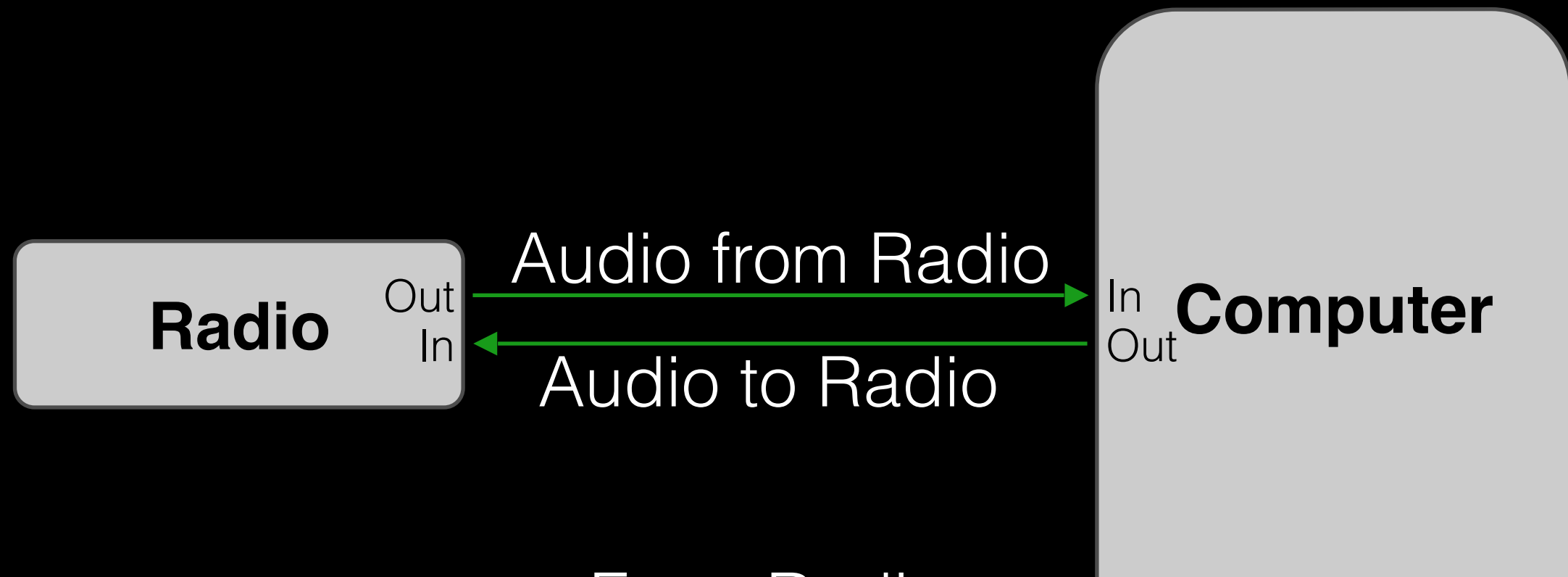
- You need:
 - Radio
 - Computer with sound card
 - Digital Mode Software
- Optional:
 - external sound card or Signalink

Sound Interface

- USB or Internal
- Signalink
- Custom



Basic Setup



From Radio

Audio Out == Data Out

Audio In == Data In

Software

- Ham Radio Deluxe
 - v6+ \$99
 - v5 Free
- FLDigi
 - OpenSource aka Free
- DXLab
 - Freeware

Ham Radio Deluxe

- Ham radio software package includes:
 - Radio control app
 - Digital modes app
 - Logging app
 - Satellite tracking app
 - Rotator control app
 - <http://www.ham-radio-deluxe.com/>

Ham Radio Deluxe

The screenshot displays the Ham Radio Deluxe software interface during a PSK-63 QSO session. The main window is titled "BPSK-63" and shows a log entry for a contact with XE3VDK de KF5WAY. The log entry includes the call sign, name (JAVIER JIVIER), QTH (Merida In The Peninla Of Yucatan Mexico), locator (EL51EA), and a message: "73 Javier and thanks for the PSK63 QSO 18 on 20m. be safe and good luck out there!". The interface also shows a frequency of 14.070.000, a band of 20m, and a mode of PSK63. The bottom status bar indicates the software is ready, with CPU usage at 1%, audio at 0%, and a soundcard TX frequency of 7999.60Hz.

File Edit View QSO Browser Logbook SSTV SuperSweeper World Map Tools Window Help

QSO SuperSweeper Radio Soundcard Waterfall Rig Control Logbook Rotator Configure Program Options

BPSK-63

Add Log Entry

(F2) Start: 01:34
(F3) End: 01:34
(F5) Call:
Name:
QTH: State/prov:
Locator:
Country:
Frequency: 14.070.000
Band: 20m
Mode: PSK63
Sent: 599
Rcvd: 599
Remark:

BTU XE3VDK de KF5WAY pse kn
_F5WAY de XE3VDK
H o tt, Tnxieport: 599 599
Name: JAVIER JIVIER
QTH: Merida In The Peninla Of Yucatan Mexico
Locator: EL51EA [134.8° 821.4mi]
Qsl CardOnly Dnrect ,o My Qth u& B4REAH°lease.
Infoá el: www.qe.z.nom
BTU Sco Me KF5WA oVDbe
01:34:29> Main
XE3VDK de KF5WAY
73 Javier and thanks for the PSK63 QSO 18 on 20m.
be safe and good luck out there!

Send (F4) Auto (F2) Pause (F3) Stop (F5) Repeat + RSID

Call CQ Info Reply Closing Default

XE3VDK de KF5WAY <add-log>
73 Javier and thanks for the PSK63 QSO 18 on 20m.
be safe and good luck out there!
XE3VDK de KF5WAY sk <stop>

Waterfall: Microphone (Sound Blaster X-Fi Go! Pro)/Speakers (Sound Blaster X-Fi Go! Pro)

Zoom: x1 Main: << 1677 >> Signal: AFC Decode Options 40m 30m 20m 17m 15m 12m 10m 6m << >> Faves

CW RTTY-45 (AFSK) BPSK-31 BPSK-63 BPSK-125 Olivia 16/500 CW RTTY PSK OLIVIA Modes

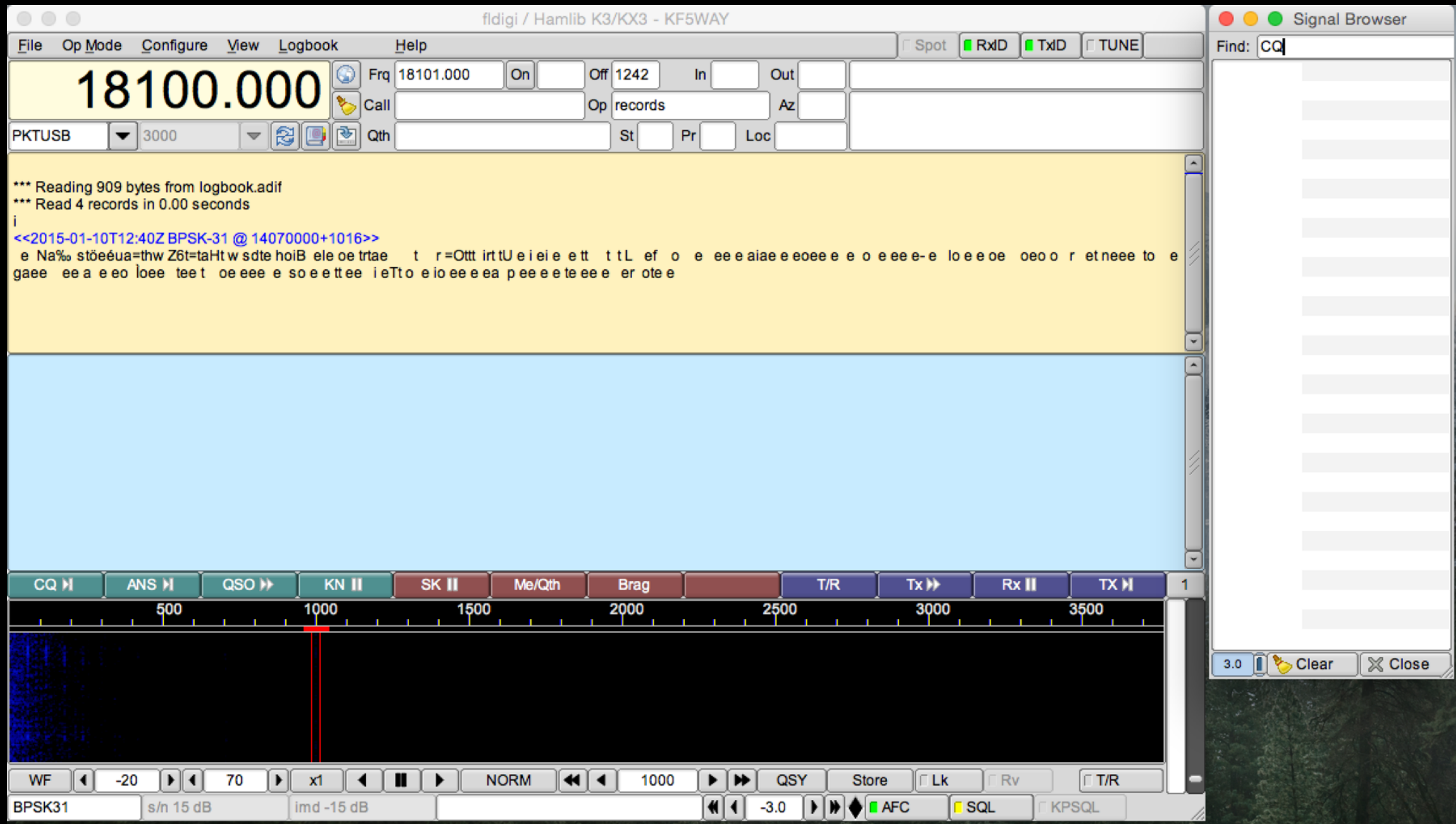
14.070.10 14.070.30 14.070.50 14.070.70 14.070.90 14.071.10 14.071.30 14.071.50 14.071.70 14.071.90 14.072.10 14.072.30 14.072.50 14.072.70 14.072.90

Ready CPU: 1% Audio: 0% Soundcard TX: 7999.60Hz Overload HRD Logbook: My Logbook RSID OVR CAP NUM SCRL 01:34

fldigi

- Open Source aka Free
- Has many apps to help hams:
 - fllog - Logging
 - flrig - Rig Control
 - flkey - interface to Winkeyer

fldigi



JT65 Software

- wsjtx
 - <http://physics.princeton.edu/pulsar/K1JT/wsjtx.html>
- JT65-HF
 - <http://jt65-hf.sourceforge.net/>

wsjtx

WSJT-X v1.3, r3673 by K1JT

File Setup View Mode Decode Save Help

Band Activity

UTC	dB	DT	Freq	Message
0139	-1	0.1	523	# CQ WA9THI EM69
0139	-1	0.5	746	# KA4HOT NOMHL -08
0139	-6	0.5	933	# N4OVQ KE7XE R-13
0139	-5	0.2	1227	# KG4VMF K4SHQ R-04
0139	-14	1.2	1375	# WL7CG KK4JSJ EM78
0139	-15	0.4	1514	# PP1ER KD8HHG 73
0139	-5	-0.8	1936	# CQ KI6CYT CM87
0139	-19	0.6	2614	@ CQ HC6PE FI08
0139	-3	0.4	2672	@ KM4BWU WB0N 73
0139	2	0.2	2916	@ CQ WB7CTI DN06
0139	-11	0.2	3034	@ KG4OXA N6TE DM12

Rx Frequency

UTC	dB	DT	Freq	Message
-----	----	----	------	---------

Log QSO

20 m

+2 kHz

50
40
30
20
10
21 dB

14.076 000

DX Call

DX Grid

Lookup

Add

2014 Sep 03
01:39:53

Monitor

Erase

Decode

Enable Tx

Halt Tx

Tune

☐ Tx even

Tx JT65 #

Tx 1626 Hz

Rx 1624 Hz

☐ Lock Tx=Rx

Report -15

Generate Std Msgs

Next

Now

Tx 1

Tx 2

Tx 3

Tx 4

Tx 5

Tx 6

CQ KF5WAY EL09

Pwr

Receiving

JT9+JT65

Useful Links

- Digital Modes, sound and pictures (http://hfradio.org.uk/html/digital_modes.html)
- ARRL Digital Modes (<http://www.arrl.org/digital-modes>)
- Digital Modes audio samples (<http://www.kb9ukd.com/digital/>)
- PSKReporter (<http://pskreporter.info>)

More Links

- Passband Modulation (<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Modulation>)
- FLDigi (<http://www.w1hkj.com>)
- DX Lab Suite (<http://www.dxlabsuite.com>)
- Tigertronics, Signalink (<http://www.tigertronics.com>)
- KF5WAY Blog (<http://blog.kf5way.com>)

Free Technician Class

- Hosted by KARS, Ken Nichols KD3VK
- At Schneider Engineering, Boerne, TX
- September 9th, 2015 1900 CST
- 8 Classes

Questions?